

Outdoor's Leading Three-Message Sign

# QUICK MOUNT INSTALLATION SYSTEM



### Prismaplus XT-J Three-Message Sign Installation Guide

Version: July 2010

### Prismaflex USA, Inc.

113 West Broad Street P.O. Box 1945 Elizabethtown, NC 28337 Toll Free: 888.454.2244 Local: 910.862.3550 Fax: 910.862.3785 Email: infousa@prismaflex.com

Visit us on the web at prismaflex.com

### **Table of Contents**

Section	1.0	Getting Started	1
	1.1	Receiving Your Prismaflex Three-Message Sign	2
Section	2.0	Wind-Break & End Enclosures	3
Section	3.0	Quick-Mount Bracket Installation	4
	3.1	Quick-Mount Brackets	. 6
	3.2	Quick-Mount Bracket Positions	. 7
Section	4.0	Sign Assembly	8
Section	5.0	Rigging Your Sign for the Lift	17
Section	6.0	Mounting Your Sign	18
Section	7.0	Final Connections	23
Section	8.0	Electrical	24
Section	9.0	Sign Controller - Basic Option Plus (BOP)	25
	9.1	Sign Controller - Wind Sensor	27
Section	10.0	Servicing Your Sign	28

### Warnings



### WARNING:

- 1) Read the entire installation guide thoroughly before proceeding. It is imperative to follow all directions.
- 2) Switch power OFF when working on the sign. Do not simply reset.
- 3) For safety purposes, you should install an emergency off switch within close proximity to the sign's control unit (BOP).
- 4) If the sign is within pedestrians' reach, mount a protective device (such as Plexi- glass) preventing people from accessing the prisms and getting injured.
- 5) All bolts must be used and adequately tightened during the installation process.

### **1.0 Getting Started**

# Before installing your Prismaplus XT-J Three-Message Sign, think about the following...

- The Prismaplus XT-J three-message sign can be mounted to any typical billboard structure, pending your engineer's approval with respect to sign weight, wind-load and various other factors taken into account. Please consult your engineer.
- 2) A poor installation will always result in problems and premature wear of the parts.

The Prismaplus XT-J utilizes the QUICK-MOUNT Installation System. The included brackets provide complete adjustability. Make certain that your three-message sign is installed plumb, straight, level and square.

- 3) It is imperative that all provided bolts, nuts, washers and block nuts be used.
- 4) Always mount a rigid backing (wind-break) behind your three-message sign to prevent wind turbulence and light from shining through the prisms. For standard billboard installations, your existing sign panels will remain in order to serve as the wind-break. Your rear wind-break should cover the entire backside of your three-message sign. Additional material may be required.

In addition, the ends of your sign should be enclosed (flashing from your three-message sign's vertical beam back to your structure's existing sign panels).

5) If assembling your sign on the ground and lifting in one piece, it is necessary to use a suitable spreader-bar for signs longer than 30'.

### **Recommended equipment for assembly and installation:**

- 1) Crane with spreader-bar
- 2) Metric socket set
- 3) 1 1/4" wrenches (mounting brackets)
- 4) Levels (laser level, 4-foot level, torpedo level)
- 5) Impact gun with 1 1/4" socket
- 6) Cordless drill gun
- 7) 5-mm T handle Allen wrench

- 8) 4-mm T handle Allen wrench
- 9) 10-mm nut driver
- 10) Phillips head screw driver
- 11) Small flat head screw driver
- 12) Volt / Ohm meter
- 13) Ratchet straps
- 14) Heavy clamps
  - (bracket positioning, if needed)

### **1.1 Receiving Your Prismaflex Three-Message Sign**

Delivery of your Prismaflex three-message sign will consist of the following:

- A. One (1) bundle of sign frame sections with vertical angle supports
- B. One (1) pallet box with...
  - 1. Mounting brackets, including bolts, flat washers and nuts
  - 2. Top module(s)
  - 3. Drive module(s)
  - 4. Shaft couplings
  - 5. Corner brackets
  - 6. Spare parts kit
- C. Crates containing prisms



Bundled Sign Frame



Crate(s) of Prisms



Pallet Box

### 2.0 Wind-Break & End Enclosures

#### **Rear Wind-Break:**

All three-message signs require a rear wind-break that covers the entire back side of the sign. For a typical billboard, this is accomplished by leaving the structure's existing sign panels (metal sections) in place and mounting your three-message sign in front. Additional material may be required.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Your sign's wind-break should cover the entire back side of your threemessage sign. An inadequate windbreak will negatively affect the performance and life of your sign and may void the Prismaflex warranty due to improper installation. Rear Wind-Break



#### End Enclosures:

Enclose the ends of your three-message sign from its vertical beams back to the structures wind-break (metal sections). Fabricated end enclosures are provided with your sign.

#### End Enclosure





#### **IMPORTANT:**

When fastening the end enclosure material or any required additional flashing, do not screw into the sign's motor location.

### 3.0 Quick-Mount Bracket Installation

### Each of your structure's I-beam uprights must have a bottom and top mounting bracket.

The bottom bracket connects to the face of your I-beam upright - see sec. 3.2. The top bracket connects to the web of your I-beam upright - see sec. 3.2.

### STEP 1: Attach Bottom Brackets

If working with a new structure with pre-punched bolt holes, loosely connect all brackets to the uprights.

DO NOT TIGHTEN AT THIS TIME - brackets should remain loose in order to level.

If working with an existing structure that does not have pre-punched bolt holes on each upright, temporarily clamp the first bracket to the upright.

See Section 3.2 for bracket positioning.

### STEP 2: Temporarily Attach First Top Bracket

Temporarily attach the first top bracket. See Section 3.2 for bracket positioning.

Confirm the correct distance between the bottom and top brackets (= overall sign height).



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Do not permanently attach the top brackets at this time.



Top brackets will be permanently attached to each upright after the sign is mounted on bottom brackets.









### 3.0 Quick-Mount Bracket Installation (continued)

### STEP 3: Level Bottom Brackets

Once you have confirmed the correct distance between the bottom and top brackets, attach the first bottom bracket.

### If working with a structure with pre-punched holes:

Level the remaining bottom brackets and tighten all bolts.

### **If working with an existing structure that does not have pre-punched holes:** Temporarily clamp the remaining bottom brackets, level, mark and provide holes, install 3/4" bolts and tighten.





### IMPORTANT:

Make certain that your bottom brackets are installed level right-to-left and front-to-back.

Tolerance for level right-to-left is 1/2-inch for signs 20' to 48' wide (6 to 14.6 M). Tolerance for level front-to-back (depth of sign frame) is 1/16-inch (1.5-mm).





### 3.2 Quick-Mount Bracket Positions



### 4.0 Sign Assembly

#### STEP 1: Laying Your Sign Out

Lay the beam sections of the sign on the ground, ELEVATED BY BLOCKS with the BACK SIDE OF EACH BEAM FACING UP.

If space is limited, one section of the sign can be laid out at a time.



Sign sections layed out on ground

For signs with two sections (36' and shorter), you will have...

- 2 Bottom Beam sections
- 2 Top Beam sections
- 2 Vertical Beams
- 4 Vertical Angle Supports (2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 1/4)
- 4 Corner Brackets

For signs with three sections (over 36'), you will have...

- 3 Bottom Beam sections
- 3 Top Beam sections
- 2 Vertical Beams
- 6 Vertical Angle Supports (2 1/2 x 2 1/2 x 1/4)



Bottom drive beam section back side up



Top beam section - back side up

PRIEMAFLEX

### STEP 2: Vertical Beam

Connect the vertical beam to the bottom drive beam and top beam sections.

This is done by sleeving the vertical beam (extrusion) over the end plate tabs, as shown.



### STEP 3: Corner Brackets

Connect the Corner Brackets. There is one corner bracket at each corner of the sign.

Two M-10 bolts (located in the drive beam & top beam) and one M-8 bolt (located in the vertical beam) are used.



Do not completely tighten each corner bracket until you confirm that the sign section is square.



When attaching the vertical beam to the bottom and top beams at the end plate, it is helpful to use a ratchet strap to pull the sections together for a nice, tight fit.

Keep the strap on and tight until you have completed Step 4 (attach the vertical support angles).





### STEP 4: Vertical Angle Supports (1)

Each sign section will have two Vertical Angle Supports (2  $1/2 \ge 1/2 \ge 1/2$ 

Connect the first Vertical Angle Support 20-inches in from the end of the sign (end of sign with vertical beam).

Two M-10 bolts located in the drive beam and two M-10 bolts located in the top beam are used.



### STEP 5: Vertical Angle Supports (2)

Connect the second Vertical Angle Support towards the end of the sign section. The measurement from the end of the section to the second vertical angle support can vary pending bracket locations (usually within16 to 24 inches from the end of the section).

Two M-10 bolts located in the drive beam and two M-10 bolts located in the top beam are used.

### TIGHTEN ALL BOLTS.



### IMPORTANT:

Make certain that your sign and each vertical angle support is square.







10.

### **First & Last Vertical Angle Supports**

(Rigid Wind Break vs. Flex Wind Break)

### Recommended for Signs Using Rigid Rear Wind Break:



NOTE:

Orientation of the Vertical Angle Support (2.5x2.5 aluminum angle) - angle is "closed" to the outside edge of the sign frame.

16"

16"

Distance from the perpendicular flange of angle to the end of the sign is 16".

### Recommended for Signs Using Flexible Face Rear Wind Break:



NOTE:

Orientation of the Vertical Angle Support (2.5x2.5 aluminum angle) - angle is "open" to the outside edge of the sign frame.

Distance from the perpendicular flange of angle to the end of the sign is 16".

and a second a second

Attach end-enclosure material to the horizontal flange of the angle and to the rear, 1-inch return of the vertical beam.

Prismaflex

### STEP 6: Additional Sign Sections

Assemble the remaining sign sections.

For signs with two sections (end sections only - 36' and shorter)...

Repeat steps 1 through 5 for the opposite end of the sign.

For signs with middle sections (three or more sign sections - over 36' long)...

Repeat step 5.

Place vertical angle supports (2) towards each end of the section.









#### IMPORTANT:

Make certain that your sign and each vertical angle support is assembled square.



### STEP 7: Joining Sign Sections on the Ground

If lifting your sign in individual sections, proceed to Step 10.

#### If connecting each sign section on the ground in order to lift the sign in one piece...

Remove the M8 bolts on the male side of the internal splice in order to sleeve into the adjacent section.

Slide the beam sections together (male / female ends). Make sure the joint is tight.

Rear external splice plates (version may vary) and its M10 bolts will arrive attached to a beam section.

Slide the rear splice plate over the beam joint. There should be an equal number of bolts on either side of the beam joint.

## Completely tighten all internal splice plate bolts at this time. Tighten rear splice plate bolts AFTER the remaining modules are installed.



NOTE: Splice plate C is not required if using the Angle version of the Rear Splice Plate.



### IMPORTANT:

Always try to place your rear splice plate so there is an equal number of bolts on both sides of the joint (6 & 6 or 4 & 4 pending version).



#### STEP 7: Joining Sign Sections on the Ground (continued)



Do not completely tighten the rear splice plates until you have installed the drive module and top module at each splice joint.



#### Example configuration for a TWO (2) section sign:



### Example configuration for a THREE (3) section sign:



13.

#### STEP 8: **Drive Modules**

#### If lifting your sign in individual sections, proceed to Step 10.

Drive modules and top modules must be installed at each splice joint.



### **IMPORTANT:**

If mounting your sign as a complete unit (one piece), it is imperative to first install all drive modules and all top modules at each splice joint before lifting.



Coupling-

1)

Your sign has left and right drive modules. Right side drive modules are marked. Left side drive modules are not marked.



Hinge the correct drive module into place.

- 2) Losen and slide the M6 shaft support bolts into position at each shaft support and tighten.
- 3) Using a wrench, align the shaft gears.



- 4) Securely install shaft couplings.
- Tighten all M-10 bolts of rear, external 5) splice plate(s).



14.

#### STEP 9: Top Modules

#### If lifting your sign in individual sections, proceed to Step 10.

Drive modules and top modules must be installed at each splice joint.



### **IMPORTANT:**

If mounting your sign as a complete unit (one piece), it is imperative to first install all drive modules and all top modules at each splice joint before lifting.



Top Module

1) Hinge the top module into place.

2) Slide the M6 bolts into position - align with slots.

- 3) Snap top module into mounting rail.
- 4) Tighten bolts.
- 5) Tighten all M-10 bolts of rear, external splice plate(s).



CAUTION:

REMEMBER TO TIGHTEN ALL REAR SPLICE PLATE BOLTS AFTER DRIVE MODULES AND TOP MODULES ARE INSTALLED!

FAILURE TO PROPERLY TIGHTEN EACH SPLICE PLATE COULD SERIOUSLY DAMAGE THE SIGN FRAME AND ITS COMPONENTS WHEN LIFTING.

Prismaflex

#### STEP 10: End Enclosures

Attach fabricated end enclosures to the 1-inch lip on the backside of your vertical beam.

For signs taller than 8', each vertical beam will use two sections of end enclosure material. Sections may overlap.

End enclosure material is pre-punched for ease of use and guidance. Use all holes.

Self-drilling screws are provided.



Attaching end enclosure



Lifting



End enclosure attached to vertical beam and metal section of structure

Prismaflex 2

### 5.0 Rigging Your Sign for the Lift



### IMPORTANT:

1) Always place straps at vertical support angles when possible.

- 2) If lifting a sign or sign sections over 30' in length, USE A SPREADER BAR.
- 3) It is important to have your sign (or sign section) elevated on blocks prior to lifting to prevent crush damage to the electronics.
- 4) It is recommended to attach tag lines for guidance. Two lines are recommended.



Rigging



Lifting complete sign



Lifting sign in sections



### 6.0 Mounting Your Sign

#### STEP 1: Prepare Your Sign for Mounting

Loosen the bottom and top 3x5 bracket angles that are attached to the rear of the sign (or sign section). This will allow you to move the angle left or right to align with the bracket / upright.

Remove the M8 bolts from the M8 block nuts located in the bottom bolt track of the drive beam AND the M8 bolts located in the top track of the top beam. This will allow you to move the M8 block nuts right or left to align with the bracket / upright.



Bracket angle at top & bottom beams



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Loosen bracket angle bolts (M10) so that it can move freely right to left. Do not completely remove the bolts and angle from the beam.

Make certain you have all required 3/4" structural bolts for attachment.

Each bracket will require two 3/4" bolts, nuts and washers to connect angle (located on sign) to bracket ledger (located on upright).



M8 bolts / block nuts in top & bottom beams



### STEP 2: Lift & Mount Your Sign

Lift your sign (or sign section) and set on bottom bracket ledger.

Slide the bottom bracket angle (attached to sign frame) AND M8 block nuts (located in bolt track underneath the drive beam) right or left as needed to align with bolt holes of bracket ledger.



STEP 3: Insert bolts

Insert two 3/4" bolts to attach bracket angle to bracket ledger.

Insert two M8 bolts into beam's bottom track / block nuts.

### DO NOT TIGHTEN AT THIS TIME.

BOLTS SHOULD REMAIN LOOSE IN ORDER TO ADJUST SIGN FRAME FOR STRAIGHT & PLUMB.



Before permanently attaching top brackets, take a prism and randomly install along face of sign to test for proper spacing.







M8 bolts through slotted bracket into M8 block nut



### STEP 4: Top Bracket Attachment

Hinge down, or attach, the top brackets.

Slide the top bracket angle (attached to sign frame) right or left as needed to align bolt holes of angle to bolt holes of top bracket ledger.

Insert two 3/4" bolts to attach bracket angle to bracket ledger.

Insert two M8 bolts through the slotted holes of the top bracket ledter into beam's top track / block nuts.

### DO NOT TIGHTEN AT THIS TIME.

BOLTS SHOULD REMAIN LOOSE IN ORDER TO ADJUST SIGN FRAME FOR STRAIGHT & PLUMB.

### STEP 5: Straight & Plumb

MAKE CERTAIN THE BOTTOM AND TOP BEAMS ARE STRAIGHT.

MAKE CERTAIN THE TOP BEAM IS PLUMB WITH THE BOTTOM BEAM.

Slotted holes on the bracket ledgers are provided for front-to-back adjustment.

Measurements for plumb should be taken at the vertical beams and each vertical angle support.









#### IMPORTANT:

Make certain your top and bottom beams are straight! This will directly affect the performance and life of your sign's drive mechanism.



### STEP 6: Joining Sign Sections on the Structure

If lifting your sign in individual sections...

Lift the second sign section, then follow section 6.0 - steps 1 through 5 (pg. 18 - 20).

Where applicable, remove the M8 bolts on the male side of the internal splice plates in order to sleeve into the adjacent section.

Slide the beam sections together (male / female ends).

### Make certain the joint is tight. Make certain the sections are straight. Make certain each section is plumb.

Slide the rear splice plate over the beam joint. There should be an equal number of bolts on either side of the beam joint.

#### Completely tighten all internal splice plate bolts at this time. Tighten rear splice plate bolts AFTER the remaining modules are installed.



NOTE: Splice plate C is not required if using the Angle version of the Rear Splice Plate.



### IMPORTANT:

Always try to place your rear splice plate so there is an equal number of bolts on both sides of the joint (6 & 6 or 4 & 4 pending version).



#### **Bracket Angles & Splice Plates**

If a beam's splice plate is in conflict with the bracket's angle (3x5 angle attached to sign frame), note the following...

- 1) If a splice plate is located directly in front of an upright (or only slightly offset), remove the bracket angle (3x5 with 6 holes) and use only the rear splice plate bracket.
- 2) If a splice plate is slightly offset from an upright but will still come in conflict with the bracket angle, consider moving the sign in the appropriate direction in order to resolve the conflict.

Remember, it is important to keep the rear external splice plate centered over the joint.

3) If moving the sign slightly is not possible, adjust the splice plate and bracket angle so that both can be used (slide each within bolt tracks of the frame).

In doing so, you may need to drill new holes for the 3/4" bolts.



Rear - external splice plate

If using the rear splice plate to attach to the bracket ledger, as described in item 1 above, you will need to provide two holes to accommodate 3/4-inch bolts in the bottom flange.



Rear - external splice plate

The holes may need to be slightly offset in order to properly align with the bracket ledger. Drill after sign is in place using bracket ledger holes as your guide.



### 7.0 Final Connections

### STEP 1: Drive Modules & Top Modules

If you have installed your sign in individual sections, see section 4.0, step 8 and step 9 (pg. 14 - 15) for installing drive modules and top beam modules.

If you have installed your sign in one piece, proceed to step 2.

### STEP 2: Cover Plates

Install remaining cover plates for the drive beam. Hinge on the rail and push on cover plate until it "snaps" into position.

### STEP 3: Wire Junction Box

Mount the wire junction box inside the vertical beam. Align the metal mounting plate (attached to rear of box) with the extruded channels inside the vertical beam. Once aligned, twist into position for a secure fit.

### STEP 4: End Enclosures

Using the provided self-drilling screws, attach the end enclosures to the face of the structure's metal sections.

### STEP 5: Install Prisms

Install each prism by sleeving the top of each prism over the steering (black cone) of the top beam. Then pull down and securely set on the prism seat (black triangle) of the bottom beam.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Check all bolts and nuts to confirm each are properly tightened before you proceed.







Priemaflex

### 8.0 Electrical

### **Electrical Demand:**

Each Prismaflex three-message sign draws less than 5 amps at 120 Volts AC.

### STEP 1: Electrical Service

Provide one, dedicated 20 AMP circuit for each Prismaflex three-message sign.

Wh Handy Info

For safety and service purposes, it is recommended to install an ON/OFF switch in line prior to the sign's electronic controller (not provided).



### **CAUTION:**

Do not wire your sign's electronic controller through the structure's lights, timers or any other external device without first consulting Prismaflex.

#### STEP 2: Motor Wire

Pull the bundled motor wire from the left end of the sign and connect it to the right motor using the provided water-tight, male / female connector.

Motor wire connector









Connect male / female ends. Using your hand, rotate the collar to tighten. Be careful not to cross-thread.



### 9.0 Sign Controller (Basic Option Plus - BOP)

The electronic controller for your Prismaflex three-message sign arrives completely wired, excluding the connection of primary power (120 VAC).

All fuses and controller settings are properly configured for your model sign and 120 VAC. Take a moment to confirm all default controller settings and the fuse configuration prior to cutting the sign on.



25.



### 9.1 Sign Controller (Wind Sensor)

#### Wind Sensor:

Your Prismaflex three-message sign may come equipped with an optional wind sensor. Its function is to stop your sign on a flat face during high-wind conditions and to automatically restart your sign once winds subside. Wind speed threshold is adjustable.



27.

### **10.0 Servicing Your Sign**

### Lubrication:

Your Prismaflex three-message sign is greased during production with a silicone based lubricant. To help ensure a good working condition, we recommend lubricating the sign's drive mechanism every 12 months.



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Never use a petroleum based lubricant. Never use a lubricant from an aerosol. Petroleum based and aerosol lubricants will damage the gears. Only use silicone based Molykote 33L or 33M that is applied with a brush.



Molykote 33 L or 33M by Dow Corning Available through Prismaflex or Grainger

Grainger part number: 6Y763

**Apply Silicone Based Grease with Paint Brush** It is not necessary to lubricate teeth of gears

### **Manual Rotation:**

When the power is switched off and you need to turn the sign, use a 19-mm wrench (or adjustable) on the hexagonal spacer between each shaft gear to turn the shaft around.





#### **IMPORTANT:**

Never attempt to rotate the drive mechanism by turning the prisms. Always use a wrench on the drive shaft.

### BASIC OPTION PLUS (BOP) SIGN CONTROLLER - BASIC PROGRAMMING FOR SIGNS WITH TWO (2) SENSORS

#### REMOVE A FACE FROM ROTATION:

1. Your sign's rotation is controlled by DIP switches 1, 2 & 3. While the sign is running, select which face you would like to remove from rotation. Choose from DIP switches 1, 2 or 3. 2. Move the desired DIP switch to the OFF position.

3. Reset your sign by moving DIP switch 0 to the up position, wait a second, then move it back to the down position (which is run mode for switch 0).

4. Your sign should start rotating. It may take a revolution for your adjustment to be acknowledged. Then, your sign should begin to skip the selected face.

5. If the face you have selected from DIP switches 1, 2 or 3 does not correspond to the desired advertisement you wish to remove from rotation, simply repeat steps 2 & 3.

#### CHANGE PAUSE TIME:

1. Your sign's pause time is controlled by DIP switches 4 & 5. While the sign is running, adjust 4 & 5 according to any combination listed below.

2. Reset your sign by moving DIP switch 0 to the up position, wait a second, then move it back to the down position (which is run mode for switch 0).



### BASIC OPTION PLUS (BOP) SIGN CONTROLLER - BASIC PROGRAMMING FOR SIGNS WITH ONE (1) SENSOR

#### REMOVE A FACE FROM ROTATION:

1. First, you need to give your controller a reference point. This is accomplished by defining face "A". First, allow your sign to rotate (move DIP switch "0" to the down position). To define face "A", simply push and hold down the RED button located to the right of the DIP switches. Your sign will begin to rotate without pause. Keep the RED buttom pressed. Allow the sign to rotate through all three sides. When the face of the sign is flat, release the RED button on the face you would like to remove from rotation. That face is now defined as face "A" which corresponds to DIP switch 1 (A = 1; B = 2; C = 3).

2. Your sign's rotation is controlled by DIP switches 1, 2 & 3. Select which face you would like to remove from rotation. Choose from DIP switches 1, 2 or 3.

3. Move the desired DIP switch to the OFF position.

4. Reset your sign by moving DIP switch 0 to the up position, wait a second, then move it back to the down position (which is run mode for switch 0).

5. Your sign should start rotating. It may take a revolution for your adjustment to be acknowledged. Then, your sign should begin to skip the selected face.

6. If the face you have selected from DIP switches 1, 2 or 3 does not correspond to the desired advertisement you wish to remove from rotation, simply repeat steps 2, 3 & 4.

#### CHANGE PAUSE TIME:

1. Your sign's pause time is controlled by DIP switches 4 & 5. While the sign is running, adjust 4 & 5 according to any combination listed below. 2. Reset your sign by moving DIP switch 0 to the up position, wait a second, then move it back to the down position (which is run mode for switch 0).



DIP Switches 6 - 9: Default Settings for Prismaplus XT

### Troubleshooting Guide

### PRISMAPLUS / PRISMAVISION with BASIC OPTION PLUS (BOP) Controller

TYPE OF FAILURE	POSSIBLE REASONS FOR FAILURE / ITEMS TO ADDRESS					
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
Sign stops without a visible reason. It starts after a reset.	Check distance between sensor and pause reference assembly for Prismaplus signs. Should be less appr. 2-3 mm.	Check if the LED back of the sensor comes on when it passes the pause reference assembly.	Check wire conditions. The sensor terminal block no. 1, 2, 3 & (4). Motor terminal block no. 5, 6, 7 and 8.	Check for friction. Is the lower beam straight? Measure cross section. For split prisms, are all blades snapped in?	Measure power to the motor. Check motor label to see if power is correct.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions. Standard = 5, 7 and 0 down for Prismaplus.
Motor continues to run without stopping for more than 1 minute.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions. Standard = 5, 7 and 0 down. The rest in the upper position for Prismaplus.	Relay in the BOP controller is likely damaged. Change controllers.				
Display turns ABC also while in AB mode	Check if all switches are in the correct positions.	Has the sign been reset after switches have been changed?	Check distance between sensor and pause reference assembly. Should be appr. 2-3 mm.	Check if the LED back of the sensor comes on when it passes the pause reference assembly.	Check wire connections. The sensor terminal block 1, 2 3 & (4).	Relay in the BOP controller is likely damaged. Change controllers.
SINGLE SENSOR SIGN: Sign showing wrong face, for example when in AB mode.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions.	Is face A defined with the red button (BOP)?	Has the sign been reset after switches have been changed?	Check distance between sensor and pause reference assembly. Should be less than 0.5mm.	Check if the LED back of the sensor comes on when it passes the pause reference assembly.	Check wire connections. The sensor terminal block 1, 2 and 3.
Display does not start.	Measure if you have correct main power input to L1 and N in the controller.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions. Standard = 5, 7 and 0 down. The rest in the upper position for Prismaplus.	Check fuses in the controller.	With power on, check for correct power at motor terminal.	Just for TEST: Bypass the controller and connect main power to 6 and 7 on the terminal block.	
Display turns 3 faces and stops.	Check distance between sensor and pause reference assembly for Prismaplus. Should be appr. 2-3 mm.	Check if the LED back of the sensor comes on when it passes the pause reference assembly.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions. Standard = 5, 7 and 0 down for Prismaplus.			
Display turns in wrong direction.	Reverse wire 7 and 8 in the controller, for Basic Option Plus.					

Motor seems too hot (too hot to hold your hand on).	Measure power to motor. Check motor-label. Make sure is correct version.	Check for friction. Is the lower beam straight? Tilting? Measure cross section for square. If features split prisms, are all blades in properly?			
Display will not change pause time.	Check if all switches are in the correct positions.	Has the sign been reset after switches have been changed?	Make sure that the motor stops and is not continuously turning.		

### PRISMAPLUS PARTS LIST

1003-A 1158-A

Every sign has a specific sign number. Use this number when ordering spare parts. The sign number can be found in front of the left side beam on the lower corner plate.



1064 1064-CG 1085-A 1083-X-A 1093-A 1106-A	Shaft gear assembly	2011-230 Motor 2013-A-L Gear 2013-A-R Gear 2111-115 Motor 2113-A-L Gear	h right r 230 V box 150 left (230 V) box 150 right (230 V) r 115 V box 180 left (115 V) box 180 right (115 V)	
Electronic 2034-115 2034-230 0404 0406 1532-A	5 Control unit BOP 115 V	Screws and nuts2007Screw MC6S M5x200247Screw MC6S M6x102006Screw MC6S M6x160007Screw MC6S M6x252008Lock-nut M6M M52003Lock-nut M6M M6		
Complete 1097-x-L 1097-x-R 1172-x-S 1172-x-S 1291-115 1292-115 1291-230 1292-230 1307 1002-A	<ul> <li>Drive module x prism c/c 104,9 mm</li> <li>Top module x prism c/c 104,9 mm (</li> <li>Top module x prism c/c 104,9 mm (</li> <li>Motor module 9 prism c/c 104,9 mm</li> </ul>	n right Ø=55 mm solid Ø=33 mm solid n left 115 V n right 115 V n left 230 V n right 115 V	For c/c 108 mm 1505-x-L 1505-x-R 1503-x-SO 1503-x-SP 1348-115 (5 prism) 1349-115 (5 prism) 1348-230 (5 prism) 1349-230 (5 prism)	



Exploded view					
1	30-1158-A	End plate assembly			
2	30-1307-A	Corner module top assembly			
3	10-1066	Mounting rail			
4	10-1219	Mounting rail joint			
5	30-1172-x-SO/SP	Top module assemlby			
6	80-2069	Nut ML6M M8			
7	80-2068	Bolt M6S M8x50H			
8	20-1196	Steering solid			
9	20-1195	Steering split			
10	80-2010	Lock-nut M6M M8			
18	10-1220-x	Side beam			
20	50-2034-x	Control unit BOP			
21	20-1291-x	Motor module left assembly			
22	20-1106-A	Shaft coupling assembly			
23	20-1063	Prism seat			
24	20-1083	Bearing housing assemlby			
25	80-2005	Seal 45x1,5			
27	20-1064-CG	Prism bevel gear CG			
28	20-1085-A	Shaft gear assembly			
29	20-1095	Shaft			
30	30-1003-A	Lower corner plate right assemlby			
31	30-1292-x	Motor module right assemlby			
32	30-1002-x	Lower corner plate left assemlby			
33	20-1116-x	Cover plate			
37	30-1097-x	Drive module assemlby			
39	80-2028	Screw MC6S M6x12			
42	40-2013/2113-A-L	Gearbox left			
43	40-1359-A	Clutch left			
44	20-1098-A	Shaft support assembly with bushing			
48	40-1360-A	Clutch right			
49	40-2013/2113-A-R	Gearbox right			
50	40-2011/2111	Motor			
51	50-1532	Sensor E2A-M12KS04-M1-B1			
52	40-1296	Motor console left			
53	40-1297	Motor console right			
54	50-2039-A	Ground cable assembly			
55	80-2006	Screw MC6S M6x16			
56	80-2003	Lock-nut M6M M6			
57	20-1566-L	Motor cover plate left			
58	20-1566-R	Motor cover plate right			
59	20-1563	Cover plate motor module			
60	40-1382	Motor bracket			
61	20-1064	Prism bevel gear for clutch			





